

Online Appendix: Who Supports the Peace? A
Survey of Post-conflict Public Opinion in
Maguindanao, the Philippines

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Summary Statistics of Covariates

Variable	Summary		Notes	
Gender				
	Male	354	51%	
	Female	346	49%	
Income				
	Mean	14798	Monthly household income	
	StdDev	14227		
Age				
	Mean	40.5		
	StdDev	14.7		
Job				
	Homemaker	202	29%	
	Self-employed	161	23%	
	Farmer	137	20%	
	Worker	60	9%	
	Other	140	20%	
Education			Completion	
	Elementary	545	78%	
	High school	310	44%	
Language			First language only	
	Maguindanao	369	53%	
	Tagalog	143	20%	
	Iranun	80	11%	
	Others	99	14%	
Locale				
	Urban	340	49%	Not necessarily Cotabato City
	Rural	360	51%	
	Cotabato City	340	49%	
Place of Birth				Other municipality means that the respondent was born in another municipality in the same province (Maguindanao).
	Same municipality	406	58%	
	Other municipality	147	21%	
	Other province	75	11%	
	Outside BARMM	72	10%	

Table 1: Descriptive Statistics of Covariates (Part 1)

Variable	Summary		Notes
Violence since BARMM			
High	20	3%	Respondents perception about the level of insurgency-related violence after 2019. High and Very high are aggregated as High while moderate and little are aggregated as Some.
Some	156	22%	
None	515	75%	
Violence before CAB			
High	35	5%	Same as above. The level of insurgency-related violence before 2014.
Some	190	27%	
None	459	68%	
Insurgency Witness			
Yes	131	19%	Respondent's direct witness of insurgency-related violence
No	566	81%	
Rido Witness			
Yes	124	18%	Respondent's direct witness of rido-related violence
No	573	82%	
Refugee			
Yes	49	7%	Respondent's experience of displacement due to the insurgency
No	651	93%	
Clan Affiliation			
Yes	84	12%	Respondent's self-reported affiliation to any political clan
No	616	88%	
Turnout in 2022			
Yes	580	83%	Whether voted in any election in 2022
No	120	17%	
Voted for UBJP			
Yes	472	67%	Whether casted any vote for UBJP in 2022.
No	228	33%	
Political Knowledge			
President	685	98%	Whether respondents could provide the names of President of the Philippines, the capital city of BARMM, and Prime Minister of BARMM.
Capital	231	33%	
Prime Minister	363	52%	

Table 2: Descriptive Statistics of Covariates (Part 2)

1 Comparison with the Family Income and Expenditure Survey

Table 3 shows a comparison with the Family Income and Expenditure Survey (FIES) to show that the randomization was successful. In both localities, the average monthly income was slightly lower in my sample than the 2023 FIES. This makes sense as Moros are expected to be poorer than the Christian local population.

	This Study	FIES
Maguindanao	10,618	13,401
Cotabato City	19,201	19,292

Table 3: Comparison of average household income

2 The Correlates of Clan Affiliation

Here, I report a result from a linear regression examining the correlates of self-reported clan affiliation. I employ a linear probability model for interpretative simplicity (all coefficients are interpreted as changes in probability of being affiliated with a clan.). Online Appendix provides the largely consistent results from a logistic regression, which captures the binary nature of the dependent variable more correctly.

Figure 10 shows the result. Older and richer Maguindanaoans indicate higher likelihood of expressing affiliation with clans. On the other hand, some jobs are negatively associated with clans. Farmers, homemakers (most likely housewives), and workers are much less likely to be affiliated with clans.

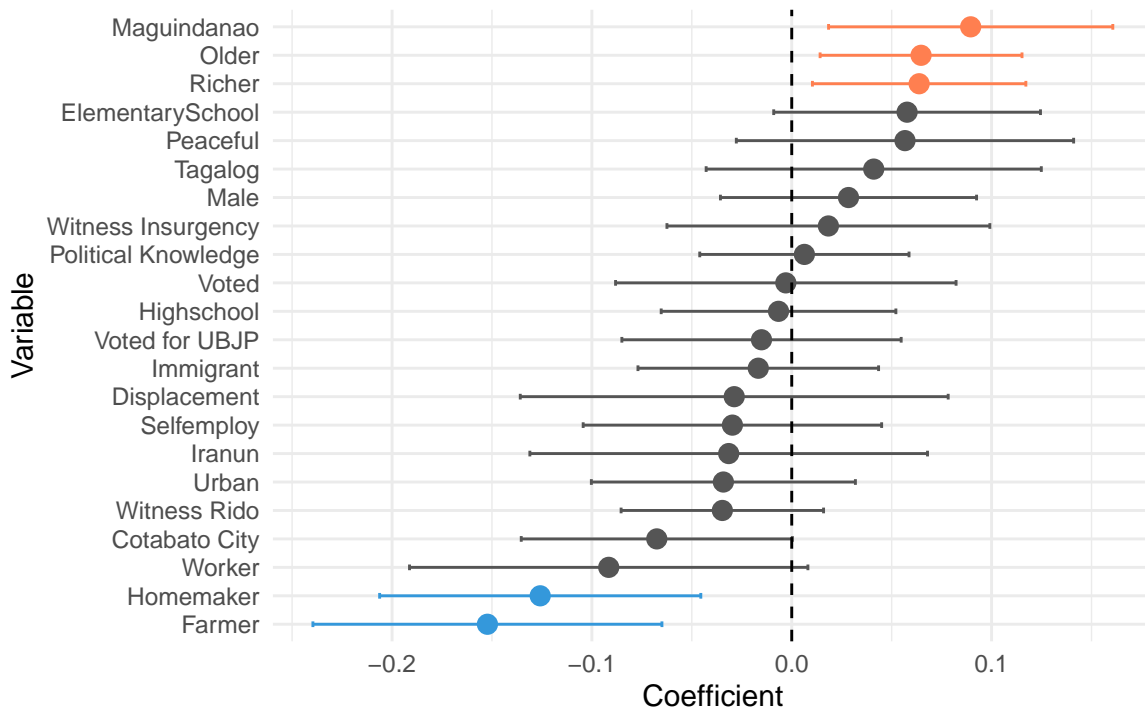


Figure 10: Correlates of clans

3 Ethnicity and BTA Evaluation

As seen in Figure 11, the Maguindanaoans express much higher level of satisfaction with the BTA. Not only the mean is higher, but the mode of the distribution is quite high among Maguindanaoans compared to teh other Muslim ethnic groups.

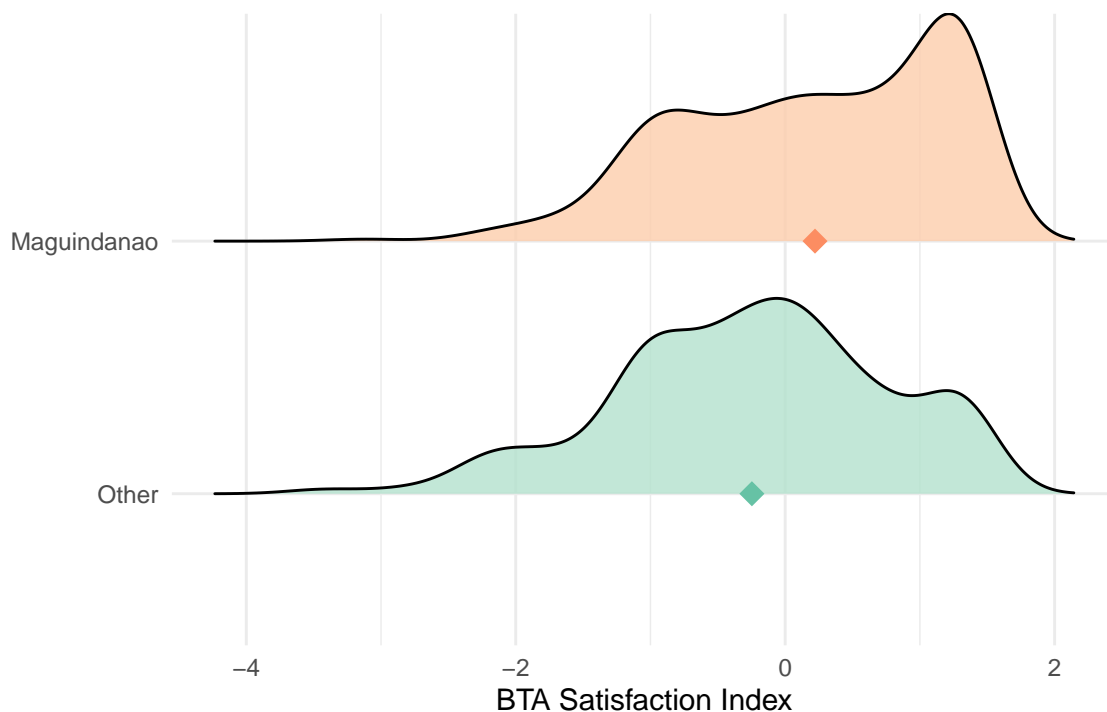


Figure 11: Maguindanaoans indicate higher satisfaction with the BTA

4 BTA Evaluation by Policy Area

The correlates of support for peace can vary depending on the specific issues related to the peace process. As stated in the main body of this article, the significant factors generally overlap. However, there are some notable differences. This section provides the exact results for each subfield of the BTA performance and peace policies.

The results with respect to the satisfaction with the stabilization and economic recovery are similar to the general results.

For the function of the BTA to elicit popular participation in the new system of governance, male respondents give significantly lower points. The participation of women's civil society

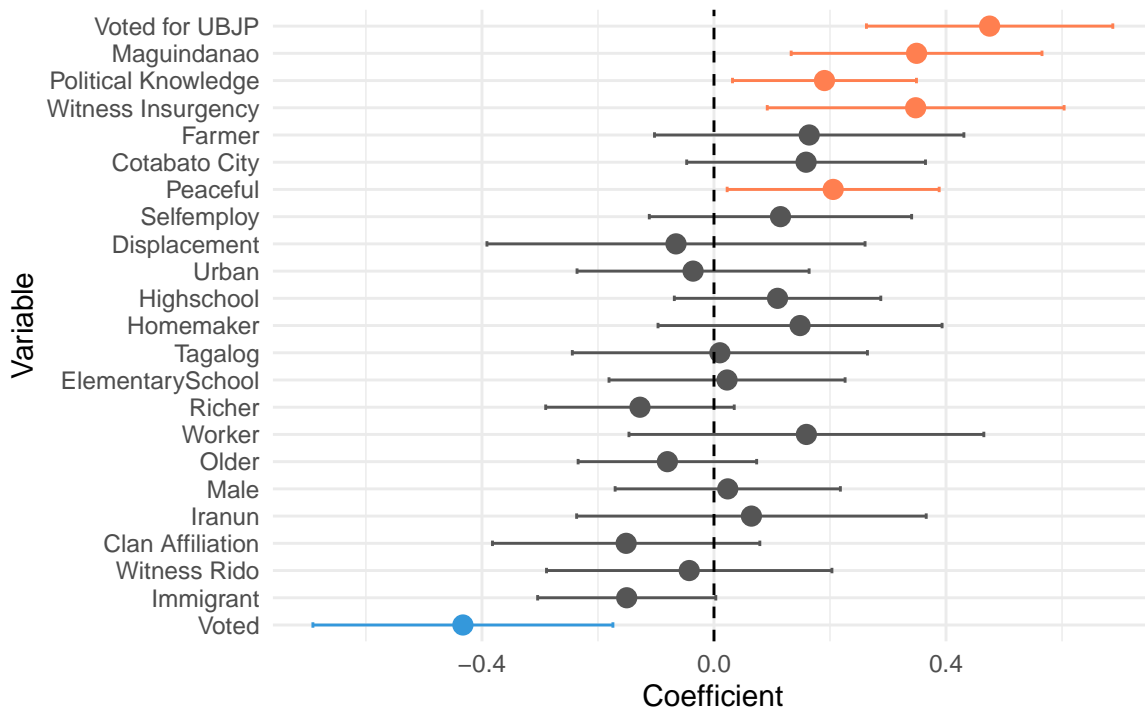


Figure 12: Correlates of Satisfaction in Stabilization

organizations is an outstanding feature in the Mindanao peace process (???). This may have caused some sense of alienation in the male citizens in Maguindanao.

The BTA performance related to anti-corruption is not appreciated by those who are affiliated with clans and who have witnessed clan feuds. Given that the clan-related variables are not associated with other evaluation measures, members of political clans perceive the BTA specifically as corrupt.

The BTA extension is less supported by Cotabato City residents. This significantly deviates from other evaluations as Cotabato City residents give higher evaluation for them.

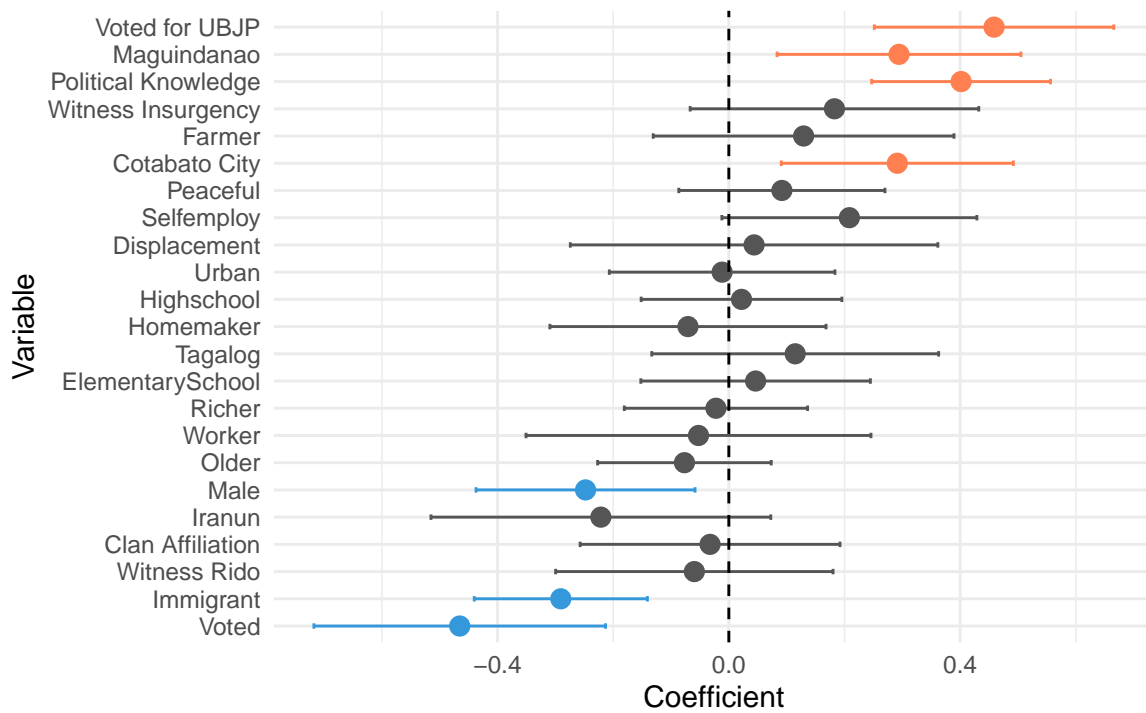


Figure 13: Correlates of Satisfaction in Participation

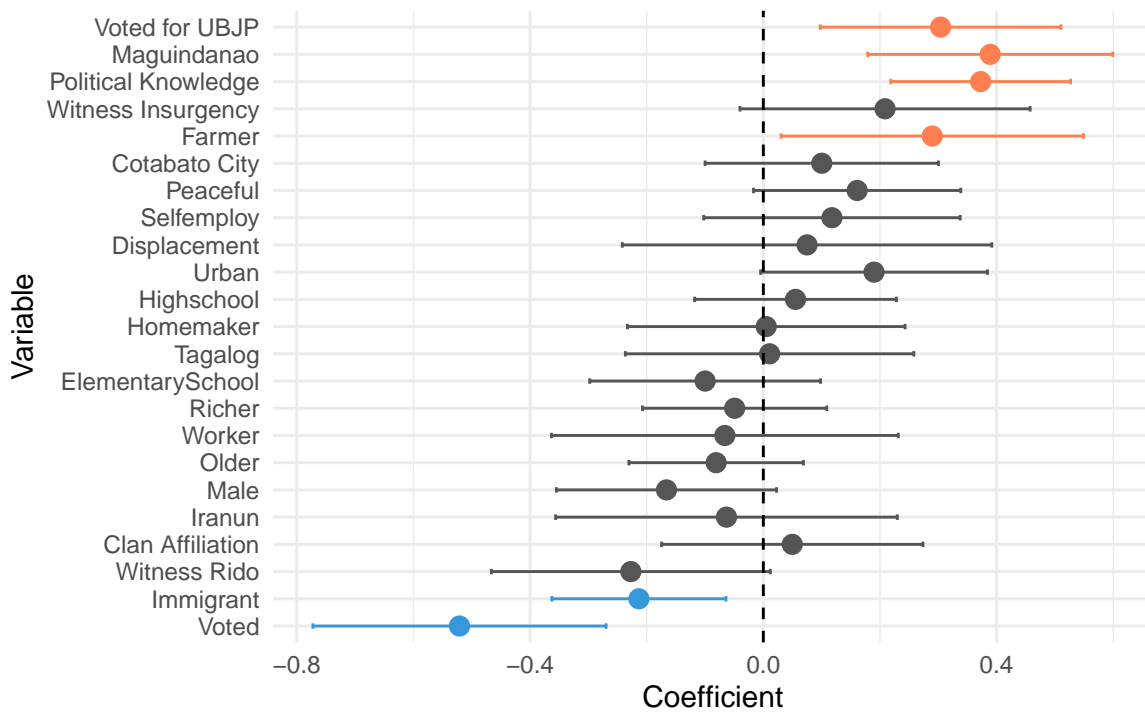


Figure 14: Correlates of Satisfaction in Economy

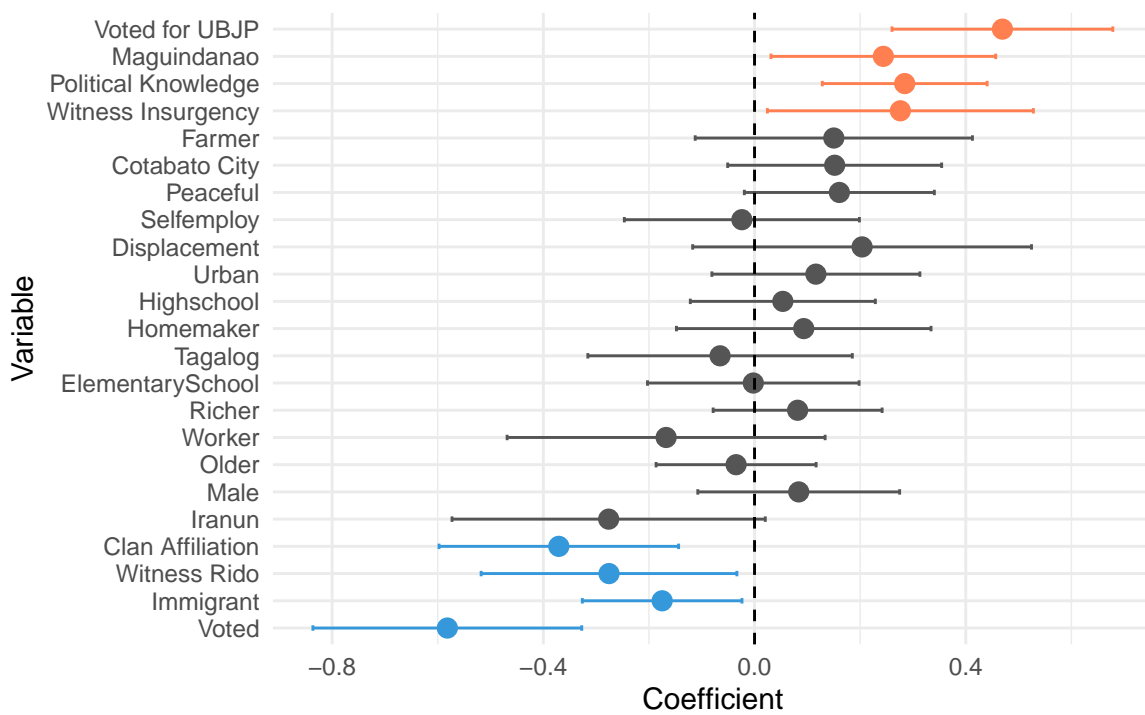


Figure 15: Correlates of Satisfaction in Anti-Corruption

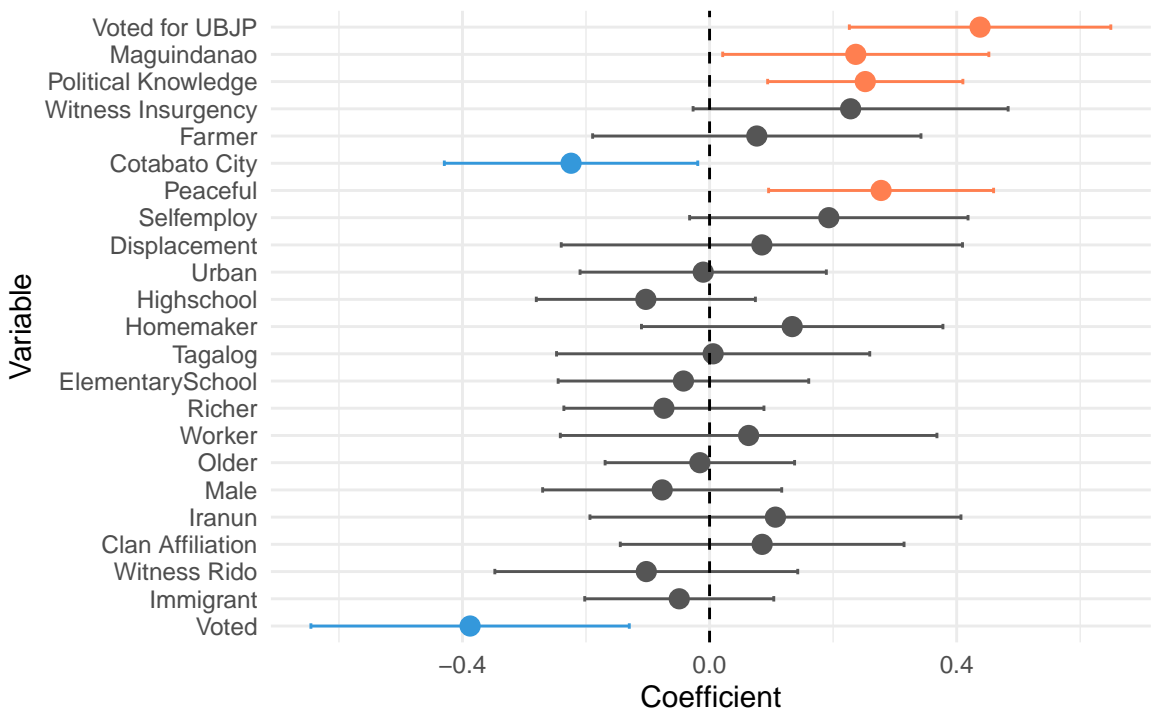


Figure 16: Correlates of Support for BTA Extension

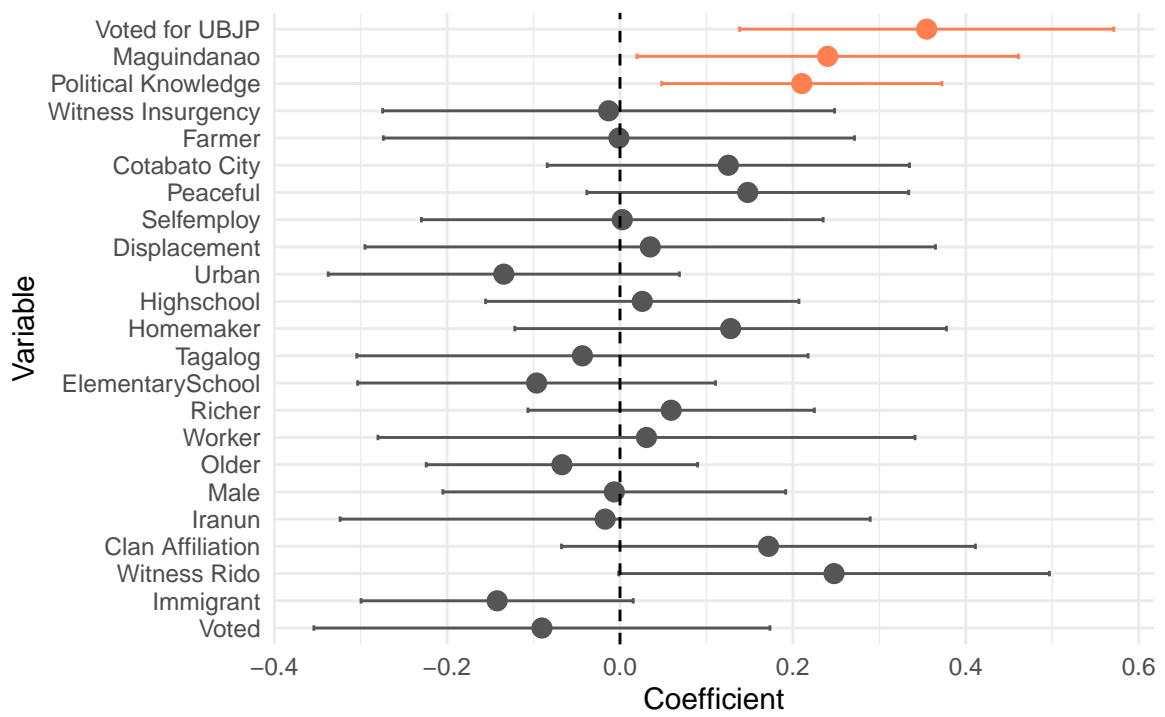


Figure 17: Correlates of Support for Decommissioning Process

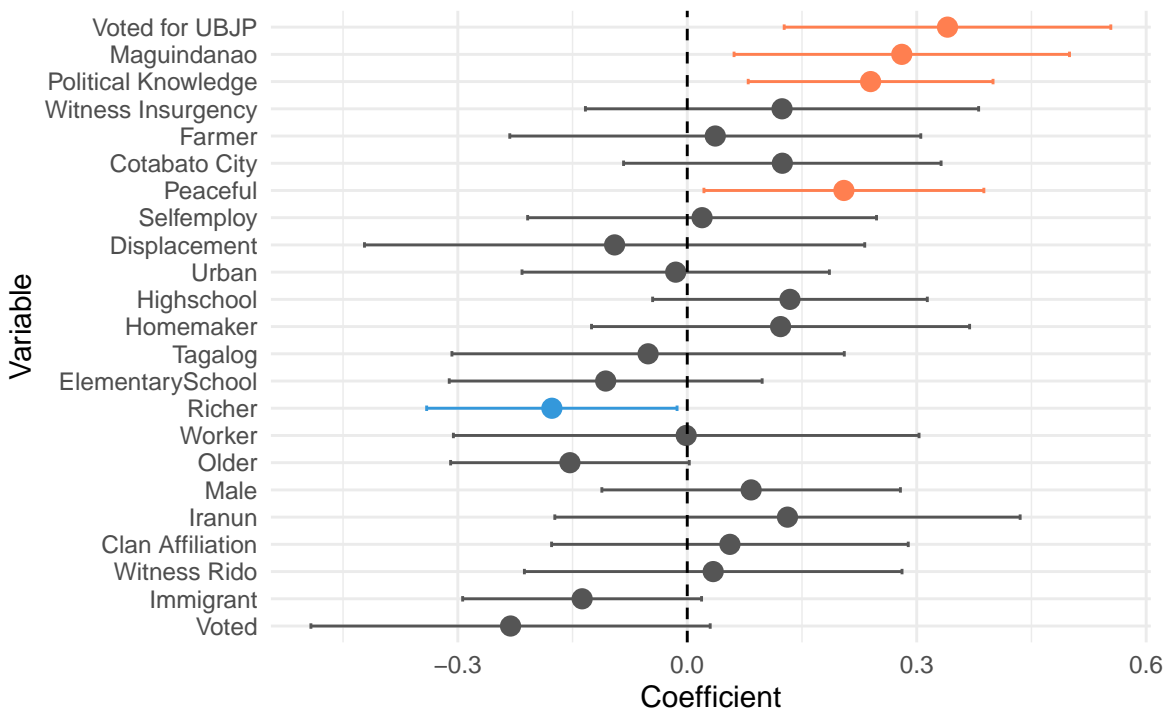


Figure 18: Correlates of Support for Expanded Islamic Court

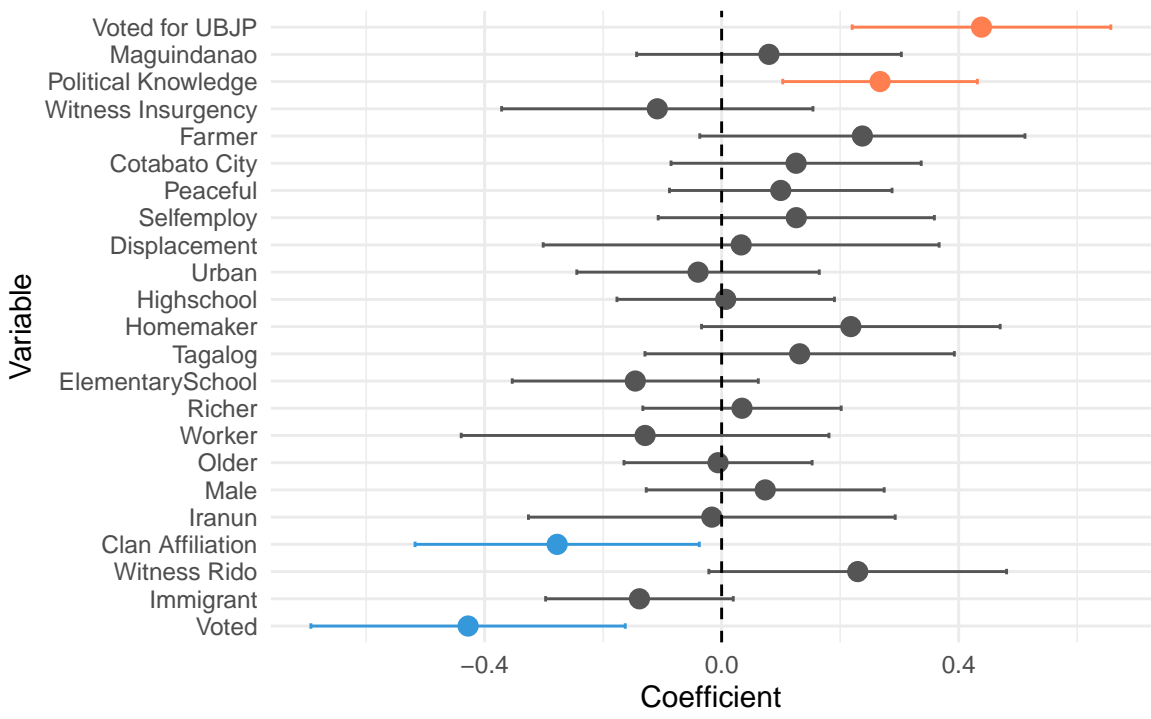


Figure 19: Correlates of Support for TJRC

5 Questionnaire Sheet

NAME OF RESPONDENT				SHEET ID	
ADDRESS		MUNICIPALITY/CITY		PROVINCE	
DATE OF INTERVIEW		TIME START		TIME END	

FIELD CONTROL						QC CONTROL					
FI Name/Date	FI Code		Ed by	Date	Code	Coder 1	Date	Code			
GL Name	GL Code		Obs by	Date	Code	Coder 2	Date	Code			
FC Name	FC Code		SC by	Date	Code	Coding Coord.	Date	Code			
FM Name	FM Code		FF	1	Phone	2	OMF	3			
Comments						QC Checked by	Date	Code			
						Comments					

TALK TO ANY RESPONSIBLE ADULT

INTRODUCTION:
 Magandang umaga/hapon, ako po ay taga-ACCUPOLL INC., isang independiyenteng research agency, at kasalukuyan kaming nagsasagawa ng isang survey dito sa inyong lugar. Maaari po ba kayong ma-interview?
Good morning/good afternoon, I am from ACCUPOLL INC., an independent market research agency, and we are conducting a survey in your area today. May I interview you?

PRELIST ODD NO. QUESTIONNAIRES FOR MALE INTERVIEWS; EVEN NO. FOR FEMALE.

- ASSIGN NUMBERS FROM 1 TO N (FROM THE OLDEST TO THE YOUNGEST) FOR EACH QUALIFIED MEMBER AGED 18YEARS AND OVER IN THE "NO." COLUMN OF THE TABLE.
- IN THE "QM NO." COLUMN, DRAW A HORIZONTAL LINE UNDER THE NUMBER CORRESPONDING TO THE LAST QUALIFIED MEMBER. LOCATE THE HOUSEHOLD NUMBER OF THIS INTERVIEW IN THE ROW OF NUMBERS FROM 1 THROUGH 12 AT THE TOP OF THE CHART.
- LOOK DOWN AT THE COLUMN OF FIGURES BELOW THE HH NUMBER AND ENCIRCLE THE NUMBER IN THIS COLUMN, WHICH IS OPPOSITE THE NUMBER OF THE LAST QUALIFIED MEMBER.
- LOCATE THIS ENCIRCLED NUMBER IN THE "NO." COLUMN.THE QUALIFIED MEMBER CORRESPONDING TO THIS NUMBER IS YOUR PROBABILITY RESPONDENT.

NAME	AGE	NO.	QM NO.	HOUSEHOLD											
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
			3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	1	2	2	1
			4	4	1	3	4	3	1	2	2	1	2	3	4
			5	1	1	5	3	2	2	4	5	4	1	3	5
			6	6	4	1	5	4	1	2	6	3	5	2	3
			7	5	2	3	1	7	7	3	2	6	4	4	6
			8	2	5	4	1	1	3	5	4	8	7	6	3
			9	3	4	6	7	5	8	1	9	2	6	7	2
			10	7	8	3	2	4	1	6	1	5	9	5	10

	DATE/TIME	RESULT OF CALL	INTERVIEWER
FIRST CALL			
SECOND CALL			

PROBABILITY RESPONDENT IS NOT AVAILABLE, MAKE AN APPOINTMENT AND MAKE (2) VALID CALLBACKS WITHIN THE DAY WHEN IN URBAN, (1) VALID CALLBACK WHEN IN RURAL. IF AFTER DOING (1/2) VALID CALLBACKS (RURAL/URBAN), PR IS STILL NOT AVAILABLE, SUBSTITUTE RESPONDENT WITH THE SAME AGERANGE / ECO CLASS / GENDER / OCCUPATIONAL STATUS. GIVE PRIORITY TO THE SAME HOUSEHOLD IF PR IS NOT AVAILABLE BEFORE GETTING A SUBSTITUTE FROM ANOTHER HOUSEHOLD.

TALK TO PROBABILITY RESPONDENT

INTRODUCTION:

Magandang umaga/hapon, ako po ay taga-ACCUPOLL INC., isang independiyenteng research agency, at kasalukuyan kaming nagsasagawa ng isang survey dito sa inyong lugar. Maaari po ba kayong ma-interview?

Good morning/good afternoon, I am from ACCUPOLL INC., an independent market research agency, and we are conducting a survey in your area today. May I interview you?

A. DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONS

Q1.	Ilang taon na po kayo? <i>Your age</i>	ACTUAL AGE: _____			
Q2.	RECORD GENDER. DO NOT ASK.		code [SA]		
		Male	1		
		Female	2		
Q3.	Ano po ang inyong <i>marital status</i> ? Kayo po ba ay... [SHOWCARD] <i>Your marital status</i>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]	
		Walang asawa	Single	1	
		May asawa	Married	2	
		Hiwalay	Separated/Divorced	3	
		Byudo/Byuda	Widow/Widowed	4	
		May kinakasama	Living in	5	
Q4.	Alin po sa mga sumusunod ang lengguwahe na inyong pangunahing ginagamit? <i>Your first language</i>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]	
		Maguindanao	1		
		Iranun	2		
		Maranao	3		
		Teduray / Tiruray	4		
		Hiligaynon	5		
		Cebuano / Bisaya	6		
		Tagalog	7		
		Others, please specify:	()		
Q5.	Ano po ang pinaka-mataas na antas ng edukasyon ang inyong natapos? [SHOWCARD] <i>Your education level</i>	SHOWCARD		Q5. code [SA]	Q6. code [SA]
		Walang pormal na edukasyon	No formal education	1	1
		Nakapag-elementarya	Some elementary	2	2
		Tapos ng elementarya	Completed elementary	3	3
		Nakapag-high school	Some high school	4	4
		Tapos ng high school	Completed high school	5	5
Q6.	Ano po ang pinaka-mataas na antas ng edukasyon ang natapos ng inyong ama? [SHOWCARD] <i>Your father's education level</i>	SHOWCARD			
		Nakapag-vocational	Some vocational	6	6
		Tapos ng vocational	Completed vocational	7	7
		Nakapag-kolehiyo	Some college	8	8
		Tapos ng kolehiyo	Completed college	9	9
		Mas mataas pa sa kolehiyo	Post college	10	10
		Currently studying: Please specify grade/year _____	()	()	()
		Others, please specify: _____	()	()	()
		Don't Know			97
		Deceased			98
Q7.	Ano po ang inyong kasalukuyang trabaho o propesyon? [SHOWCARD] <i>Your occupation</i>	SHOWCARD		Q7. code [SA]	Q8. code [SA]
		Nagta-trabaho	Working		
		Epleyado ng gobyerno	Government employee	2	2
		Militar/Pulis	Military/Police	3	3
		Pribadong empleyado	Private worker / employee	4	4
		Indepiyendeng propesyunal	Independent professional	5	5
		Self-employed, Hindi propesyunal	Self-employed, Non-professional	6	6
		Magsasaka / Manggingisda	Farmer / Fisherfolk	7	7
		Hindi bayad na pamilyang manggagawa	Unpaid family worker	8	8
Q8.	Ano naman po ang propesyon o trabaho ng inyong ama? [SHOWCARD] <i>Your father's occupation</i>	SHOWCARD			
		Working student	Specify work based on codes above: _____	()	()
		Hindi nagta-trabaho	Not working		
		Estudyante	Student	10	10
		Tagapag-alaga ng tahanan	Home maker	11	11
		Retirado	Retired	12	12
		Naghahanap ng trabaho	Looking for work	13	13
		Hindi pa nakakapag-trabaho kahit na kailan	Never worked before	14	14
		Others, please specify: _____			
		Don't Know			97
		Deceased			98

Q9.	Magkano ang kadalasang kabuuang kita ng inyong sambahayan sa loob ng isang buwan? [SHOWCARD] <i>Your monthly household income</i>	SHOWCARD	code [SA]
		PhP 5,000 &below	1
		PhP 5,001 – 10,000	2
		PhP 10,001 – 25,000	3
		PhP 25,001 – 50,000	4
		PhP 50,001 – 75,000	5
		PhP 75,001 – 100,000	6
		Over PhP 100,000	7
		Don't Know / Refused	99

Q10.	Ilan po ang permanenteng nakatira dito sa inyong tahanan? <i>Number of people in your household</i>	RECORD: _____ <i>*Include respondent in the count</i>
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Q11.	Ano po sa palagay ninyo ang estado ng inyong pamumuhay kumpara sa ibang tao sa inyong komunidad? Masasabi niyo po ba na kayo ay... [SHOWCARD] <i>Economic status of your household compared to others in your community</i>	SHOWCARD	code [SA]
		Mas mayaman	<i>Much richer</i> 1
		Medyo mas mayaman	<i>Slightly richer</i> 2
		Katamtaman o Hindi mahirap/hindi mayaman	<i>Average</i> 3
		Medyo mas mahirap	<i>Slightly poorer</i> 4
		Mas mahirap	<i>Much poorer</i> 5

Q12.	Gaano na po kayo ka-tagal na naninihanan sa dito sa inyong komunidad o barangay? <i>How long have you lived in this community?</i>	RECORD YEARS: _____
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Q13.	Napa-alis na ba kayo sa inyong tahanan dahil sa mga operasyong militar o aktibidad ng mga rebelde? <i>Have you ever been displaced from your home due to military operations or rebel-activities?</i>	[READ-OUT]	code [SA]
		Oo (Yes)	1
		Hindi(No)	2

Q14.	Kayo po ba ay ipinanganak sa... [SHOWCARD] <i>Your place of birth</i> BARMM PROVINCES/CITIES: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basilan • Lanao del Sur • Maguindanao • Sulu • Tawi-Tawi • Cotabato City • Lamitan • Marawi City 	SHOWCARD	code [SA]
		Parehas lang na komunidad o barangay kung saan ka nakatira ngayon	<i>Same as where you live now</i> 1
		Sa ibang munisipalidad ng kasalukuyang probinsya	<i>Other municipality in the same province</i> 2
		Sa ibang probinsya	<i>Other province</i> 3
		Sa labas ng BARMM	<i>Outside of BARMM</i> 4

Q15.	Ano po ang antas o lebel ng karahasan na may kaugnayan sa rebelyon sa komunidad ninyo bago ang taong 2014? Masasabi niyo po ba na ito ay... [SHOWCARD] <i>What was the level of rebellion-related violence in this community before 2014?</i>	SHOWCARD	code [SA]
		Lubos na marami	<i>A great deal</i> 1
		Marami	<i>A lot</i> 2
		Katamtaman	<i>A moderate amount</i> 3
		Kaunti	<i>A little</i> 4
		Wala	<i>None at all</i> 5

Q16.	Ano naman po ang antas o lebel ng karahasan na may kaugnayan sa rebelyon sa komunidad ninyo simula noong taong 2019? Masasabi niyo po ba na ito ay... [SHOWCARD] <i>What was the level of rebellion-related violence in this community since 2019?</i>	SHOWCARD	code [SA]
		Lubos na marami	<i>A great deal</i> 1
		Marami	<i>A lot</i> 2
		Katamtaman	<i>A moderate amount</i> 3
		Kaunti	<i>A little</i> 4
		Wala	<i>None at all</i> 5

Q17.	Ikaw ba ay direkta nang naka-saksi ng karahasan dahil sa rebelyon kahit na kailan? <i>Have you ever directly witnessed rebellion-related violence?</i>	[READ-OUT]	code [SA]
		Oo (Yes)	1
		Hindi(No)	2
		Refused/ Don't Know	99

Q18.	Ikaw ba ay direkta nang naka-saksi ng karahasan dahil sa rido kahit na kailan? <i>Have you ever directly witnessed rido-related violence?</i>	[READ-OUT]	code [SA]
		Oo (Yes)	1
		Hindi(No)	2
		Refused/ Don't Know	99

PROJECT LIBERTY

Q19.	Kayo po ba ay nagmamay-ari ng <i>cell phone</i> ? <i>Do you own a cell phone?</i>	[READ-OUT]	code [SA]	
		Oo (Yes)	1	
		Hindi (No)	2	
Q20.	Kayo po ba ay kaanib o konektado sa isang angkan o clan? <i>Do you identify yourself as affiliated with clans?</i>	[READ-OUT]	code [SA]	REMARKS
		Oo (Yes)	1	CONTINUE TO Q21
		Hindi (No)	2	SKIP TO STATEMENT CARD (Q23 to Q28)
Q21.	Paano po ninyo ilalarawan ang inyong katapatan sa inyong angkan kumpara sa mga ibang miyembro nito? Kayo po ba ay... [SHOWCARD] <i>If yes, how do you describe your loyalty to your clan compared to other clan members?</i>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]
		Lubos na mas matapat	<i>Much more loyal</i>	1
		Mas matapat	<i>More loyal</i>	2
		Parehas lang sa ibang miyembro	<i>Same</i>	3
		Mas hindi matapat	<i>Less loyal</i>	4
		Lubos na hindi matapat	<i>Much less loyal</i>	5
Q22.	Gaano naman po kalaki ang tiwala ninyo sa mga miyembro ng inyong angkan kumpara sa mga taong hindi nito miyembro? Kayo po ba ay... [SHOWCARD] <i>If yes, how much trust do you have on your clan members compared to non-members?</i>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]
		Lubos na mas nagtitiwala	<i>Much more trust</i>	1
		Mas nagtitiwala	<i>More trust</i>	2
		Parehas lang sa ibang miyembro	<i>Same</i>	3
		Mas hindi nagtitiwala	<i>Less trust</i>	4
		Lubos na hindi nagtitiwala	<i>Much less trust</i>	5

MODULE A STATEMENT CARD

Ang pamahalaan ng Pilipinas at ang *Moro Islamic Liberation Front* o MILF ay pumirma ng isang *peace agreement* noong 2014 na tinatawag na *Comprehensive Agreement on Bangsamoro* o CAB. Bilang resulta nito, isang bagong autonomous na pamahalaan, ang *Bangsamoro Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao* o BARMM, ay itinatag noong 2019. Ito ay nasa isang panahon ng transisyon na makukumpleto sa 2025. Magtatanong kami ng inyong mga opinyon tungkol sa ilang mga isyu sa pulitika at polisiya kaugnay ng Bangsamoro. Bago nito, kami ay may mga katanungan lamang tungkol sa pulitika upang maintindihan namin kung gaano kayo ka-pamilyar sa pulitika ng Pilipinas. Wala pong maling sagot dito.

The government of the Philippines and Moro Islamic Liberation Front (MILF) have signed a peace agreement in 2014 (the Comprehensive Agreement on Bangsamoro, CAB). As a result, a new autonomous government, the Bangsamoro Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao (BARMM), has been initiated in 2019. It is in a transition period, which will complete in 2025. We will ask your opinions about some political and policy-related issues in Bangsamoro. Before doing so, let us ask some quiz and basic questions about politics to understand how much are you familiar with politics. There are no wrong answers

Q23.	Sino po ang kasalukuyang Presidente ng Pilipinas? <i>Who is the current President of the Philippines?</i>	RECORD ANSWER: _____		code [SA]
		<i>Correct answer: Ferdinand "Bongbong" Romualdez Marcos Jr. (No need for the full name. Simpler answers such as "Bongbong", "Marcos", "PBBM" and "BBM" are fine.)</i>	Correct	1
			Incorrect	2
Q24.	Sino po ang kasalukuyang Punong Ministro o Chief Minister ng BARMM? <i>Who is the current chief minister of the BARMM?</i>	RECORD ANSWER: _____		code [SA]
		<i>Correct answer: Ahod Balawag Ebrahim or Al-hajj Murad Ebrahim (No need for the full name. Simpler answers such as "Murad", "Ebrahim", "Ahod", and "Al-hajj Murad" are fine.)</i>	Correct	1
			Incorrect	2
Q25.	Ano po ang kabisera o capital ng BARMM? <i>Where is the capital of BARMM?</i>	RECORD ANSWER: _____		code [SA]
		<i>Correct answer: Cotabato City</i>	Correct	1
			Incorrect	2
Q26.	Alin sa mga sumusunod na isyung pulitika ang pinaka-nais niyong pagtuunan ng pansin ng pamahalaan ng BARMM? <i>Which political issue would you like the BARMM government to work on the most?</i>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]
		Kapayapaan at seguridad	<i>Peace and security</i>	1
		Ekonomiya / Trabaho	<i>Economy / Employment</i>	2
		Kalusugan	<i>Health</i>	3
		Edukasyon	<i>Education</i>	4
		Agrarian reform o reporma sa mga lupain	<i>Land reform</i>	5
		Tulong sa kalamidad / pag-iwas sa sakuna	<i>Disaster relief / prevention</i>	7
		Others, please specify	()	
Q27.	Kayo po ba ay bumoto noong Halalan ng 2022? <i>Did you cast your votes in 2022 general elections?</i> NOTE TO FI: Consistency check. If VOTED must be at least 19 years old at time of interview.	[READ-OUT]	code [SA]	REMARKS
		Oo (Yes)	1	CONTINUE TO Q29
		Hindi (No)	2	SKIP TO MODULE B
		Refused	98	CONTINUE TO Q29
Q28.	Itinatag ng MILF ang isang partido sa pulitika, ang United Bangsamoro Justice Party o UBJP. Bumoto ka ba para sa partidong UBJP noong Halalan ng 2022? <i>MILF created a political party, the United Bangsamoro Justice Party (UBJP). Did you cast any vote for the party in the general election in 2022?</i>	[READ-OUT]	code [SA]	
		Oo (Yes)	1	
		Hindi (No)	2	
		Refused	98	

B. EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 1

Mayroong mga maraming naihang panukalang polisiya kaugnay sa BARMM. Pakisabi po sa amin ang inyong opinion-g tungkol sa mga ito. *There have been many policy proposals related to BARMM. Please tell us your opinion about some of them.*

TREATMENT CLAUSE FOR EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 1		START	Qb1	Qb2	Qb3	Qb4	Qb5	Qb6
C	NONE	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
T1	Ang pambansang pamahalaan ay sinuportahan ang polisiyang ito. <i>The national government of the Philippines supported the following policy.</i>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
T2	Ang MILF ay sinuportahan ang polisiyang ito <i>The MILF supported the following policy.</i>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
T3	Ang pambansang pamahalaan ng Pilipinas at ang MILF ay parehong sinuportahan ang polisiyang ito. <i>Both the national government of the Philippines and the MILF supported the following policy.</i>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
T4	Ang pambansang pamahalaan ng Pilipinas at ang MILF ay parehong sinuportahan ang polisiyang ito at ito ay kasama sa kanilang <i>peace agreement</i> noong 2014. <i>Both the national government of the Philippines and the MILF supported the following policy and included it into the peace agreement in 2014.</i>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
T5	Ang mayor ng [MENTION MUNICIPALITY] noong 2014 ay sinuportahan ang polisiyang ito. <i>The mayor of X in 2014 supported the following policy.</i>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
T6	Ang pambansang pamahalaan ng Pilipinas at ang mayor ng [MENTION MUNICIPALITY] noong 2014 ay parehong sinuportahan ang polisiyang ito. <i>Both the national government of the Philippines and the mayor of X in 2014 supported the following policy.</i>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]

Alin sa mga sumusunod ang pinaka-naglarawan ng inyong opinyon? <i>Which of the following best describes your opinion?</i>			RATING BOARD				
			Talagang maliit ang porsyento/ bahagi ang napupunta sa BARMM	Medyo maliit ang porsyento/ bahagi ang napupunta sa BARMM	Tama lang o patas ang porsyento/ bahagi ang napupunta sa BARMM	Medyo malaki ang porsyento/ bahagi ang napupunta sa BARMM	Talagang malaki ang porsyento/ bahagi ang napupunta sa BARMM
[SHOWCARD]			<i>BARMM's share is way too small</i>	<i>BARMM's share is too small</i>	<i>BARMM's share is fair</i>	<i>BARMM's share is too large</i>	<i>BARMM's share is way too large</i>
Qb1.	Ang pambansang pamahalaan ay kumukuha ng 25% na <i>income tax revenue</i> o kita mula sa buwis habang ang BARMM naman ay nagtatangi ng 75%. Bilang sanggunian o <i>reference</i> , sa labas ng BARMM ay 60% ang napupunta sa pambansang pamahalaan at 40% ang napupunta sa sa local na pamahalaan.	<i>National government takes 25% of income tax revenues while BARMM keeps 75%. As a reference, outside of BARMM, the share will be 60% to national and 40% to local government.</i>	1	2	3	4	5
Qb2.	Ang pambansang pamahalaan ay kumukuha ng 25% ng mga kita mula sa pagmimina ng ginto habang sa BARMM napupunta ang 75%. Bilang sanggunian o <i>reference</i> , sa labas ng BARMM ay 60% ang napupunta sa pambansang pamahalaan at 40% ang napupunta sa local na pamahalaan.	<i>National government takes 25% of revenues from gold mining while BARMM keeps 75%. As a reference, outside of BARMM, the share will be 60% to national and 40% to local government.</i>	1	2	3	4	5
Qb3.	Ang pambansang pamahalaan ay kumukuha ng 50% ng mga kita mula sa petrolyo at <i>gas extraction</i> habang ang BARMM naman ay nagtatangi ng 50%. Bilang sanggunian o <i>reference</i> , sa labas ng BARMM ay 60% ang napupunta sa sa pambansang pamahalaan at 40% ang napupunta sa local na pamahalaan.	<i>National government takes 50% of revenues from petroleum and gas extraction while BARMM keeps 50%. As a reference, outside of BARMM, the share will be 60% to national and 40% to local government.</i>	1	2	3	4	5

Qb4 STATEMENT CARD

Ang Transitional Justice and Reconciliation Commission o TJRC ay itinatag upang itama ang makasaysayang kawalang-katarungan at paglabag sa karapatang pantao laban sa mga taong Bangsamoro. Ang TJRC ay pamumunuan ng isang internasyonal na eksperto. Gaano mo sinusupportahan ang pagpapatupad na ito?	SHOWCARD		code [SA]
	Lubos ang pagsuporta	<i>A great deal</i>	1
	Malaki ang pagsuporta	<i>A lot</i>	2
	Katamtaman ang pagsuporta	<i>A moderate amount</i>	3
	Kaunti ang pagsuporta	<i>A little</i>	4
	Walang pagsuporta	<i>None at all</i>	5
<i>Don't know much about the topic to provide an answer</i>			97

<i>The Transitional Justice and Reconciliation Commission (TJRC) is established to correct historical injustice and human rights violation against Bangsamoro people. TJRC will be headed by an international expert. How much do you support this arrangement?</i>		
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Qb5 STATEMENT CARD

<p>Ang BARMM ay may Islamiko na sistema ng hustisya o <i>Islamic Justice System</i> kung saan ang hurisdiksyon nito ay mas malawak kaysa sa ARMM. Gaano mo sinusupportahan ang pagpapatupad na ito?</p> <p><i>The BARMM has Islamic justice system whose jurisdiction is wider than ARMM's. How much do you support this arrangement?</i></p>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]
	Lubos ang pagsuporta	<i>A great deal</i>	1
	Malaki ang pagsuporta	<i>A lot</i>	2
	Katamtaman ang pagsuporta	<i>A moderate amount</i>	3
	Kaunti ang pagsuporta	<i>A little</i>	4
	Walang pagsuporta	<i>None at all</i>	5
	<i>Don't know much about the topic to provide an answer</i>		97

Qb6 STATEMENT CARD

<p>Ang armadong sangay ng Moro Islamic Liberation Front o MILF ay unti-unting bubuwagin. Ang <i>Independent Decommissioning Body</i>, na independyente mula sa pambansang pamahalaan at MILF, ang nagbabantay sa proseso. Gaano mo sinusupportahan ang pagpapatupad na ito?</p> <p><i>The armed wing of Moro Islamic Liberation Front or MILF will gradually be demobilized. The Independent Decommissioning Body, which is politically independent of both the national government and MILF, oversees the process. How much do you support this arrangement?</i></p>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]
	Lubos ang pagsuporta	<i>A great deal</i>	1
	Malaki ang pagsuporta	<i>A lot</i>	2
	Katamtaman ang pagsuporta	<i>A moderate amount</i>	3
	Kaunti ang pagsuporta	<i>A little</i>	4
	Walang pagsuporta	<i>None at all</i>	5
	<i>Don't know much about the topic to provide an answer</i>		97

C. EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 2

TREATMENT CLAUSE FOR EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 2		
C	NONE	[]
T1	Dahil sa pandemyang COVID-19 <i>Because of the COVID-19 pandemic</i>	[]
T2	Dahil sa pag-urong ng pag-dekomisyon ng MILF at pag-gawa ng batas elektoral para sa parlyamento <i>Because of the delays in decommissioning of MILF and setting electoral rules for the parliament</i>	[]
T3	Dahil sa pandemyang COVID-19 at pag-urong ng pag-dekomisyon ng MILF at pag-gawa ng batas elektoral para sa parlyamento <i>Because of the COVID-19 pandemic and the delays in decommissioning of MILF and setting electoral rules for the parliament</i>	[]

MODULE C EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 2 STATEMENT CARD

<p>Ang <i>Bangsamoro Transitional Authority</i>, na namamahala sa BARMM simula noong 2019, ay dapat sana na magsasagawa ng halalan para sa <i>Bangsamoro Parliament</i> noong nakaraang taon. Gayunpaman, [MENTION TREATMENT CLAUSE], ang halalan ay ipinagaliban hanggang 2025. May mga pumupuna sa desisyon dahil ito ay nagpapabagal sa demokratikong partisipasyon sa BARMM.</p> <p><i>The Bangsamoro Transitional Authority, which has been governing BARMM since 2019, was supposed to hold an election for the Bangsamoro Parliament last year. However, (Treatment clause), the election was postponed until 2025. Some people criticize the decision because it slows down the democratic participation in BARMM.</i></p>
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<p>Qc1. Gaano po ninyo sinusupportahan ang desisyon na ipagpaliban ang eleksyon para sa Bangsamoro Parliament?</p> <p><i>How much do you support the decision to postpone the election for the Bangsamoro Parliament?</i></p>	SHOWCARD		code [SA]
	Lubos ang pagsuporta	<i>A great deal</i>	1
	Malaki ang pagsuporta	<i>A lot</i>	2
	Katamtaman ang pagsuporta	<i>A moderate amount</i>	3
	Kaunti ang pagsuporta	<i>A little</i>	4
	Walang pagsuporta	<i>None at all</i>	5

D. EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 3

TREATMENT CLAUSE FOR EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 3		
C	NONE	[]
T1	<p>Ang proseso ng paglikha ng batas ng Bangsamoro Organic Law o BOL ay itinaguyod ng International Contact Group (ICG) na binubuo ng apat na bansa at apat na internasyonal na mga NGO. Ang ICG ay nagbubuo ng pagtitiwala sa mga kaugnay na stakeholders na may kaugnayan sa proseso ng pangkapayapaan at nagbibigay ng teknikal at legal na suporta sa Bangsamoro Transitional Authority.</p> <p><i>The Legislation process of Bangsamoro Organic Law or BOL has been facilitated by the International Contact Group (ICG) consisting of four countries and four international NGOs. The ICG has been building trust among relevant stakeholders in the peace process and providing technical and legal supports toward the Bangsamoro Transitional Authority.</i></p>	[]
T2	<p>Ang proseso ng paglikha ng batas ng Bangsamoro Organic Law o BOL ay itinaguyod ng Insider Mediation Group (IMG) na binubuo ng mga Moro civil society na grupo at mga lider. Ang IMG ay nagbubuo ng pagtitiwala sa mga kaugnay na stakeholders sa proseso ng pangkapayapaan at nagbibigay ng teknikal at legal na suporta sa Bangsamoro Transitional Authority.</p> <p><i>The Legislation process of Bangsamoro Organic Law or BOL has been facilitated by the Insider Mediation Group (IMG) consisting of Moro civil society groups and leaders. The IMG has been building trust among relevant stakeholders in the peace process and providing technical and legal supports toward the Bangsamoro Transitional Authority.</i></p>	[]
T3	<p>Ang proseso ng paglikha ng batas ng Bangsamoro Organic Law o BOL ay itinaguyod ng International Contact Group (ICG) na binubuo ng apat na bansa at apat na internasyonal na mga NGO at ang Insider Mediation Group (IMG) na binubuo ng mga Moro civil society na grupo at mga lider. Ang ICG at ang IMG ay nagbubuo ng pagtitiwala sa mga kaugnay na stakeholders sa proseso ng pangkapayapaan at nagbibigay ng teknikal at legal na suporta sa Bangsamoro Transitional Authority.</p> <p><i>The Legislation process of Bangsamoro Organic Law or BOL has been facilitated by the International Contact Group (ICG) consisting of four countries and four international NGOs and the Insider Mediation Group (IMG) consisting of Moro civil society groups and leaders. The ICG and the IMG have been building trust among relevant stakeholders in the peace process and providing technical and legal supports toward the Bangsamoro Transitional Authority.</i></p>	[]

MODULE D EXPERIMENTAL QUESTION 3 STATEMENT CARD

Ang negosasyon sa pagitan ng Moro Islamic Liberation Front o MILF at Pamahalaan ng Pilipinas ay nagresulta sa Bangsamoro Organic Law (BOL). Ang proseso ng paglikha ng batas ng BOL ay tinulungan ng iba't ibang third-party na grupo. [MENTION TREATMENT CLAUSE].

The negotiation between Moro Islamic Liberation Front or MILF and the Government of the Philippines produced the Bangsamoro Organic Law (BOL). The legislation process of BOL has been facilitated by various third-party actors. [MENTION TREATMENT CLAUSE].

Paano po ninyo susuriin o i-evaluate ang pagkamit ng prosesong pangkapayapaan sa Mindanao at ng Bangsamoro Organic Law (BOL) sa ngayon base sa mga sumusunod na aspeto?			RATING BOARD				
			Lubos	Marami	Katamtaman	Kaunti	Wala
For the following aspects, how would you evaluate the achievement of Mindanao peace process and the BOL so far?			A great deal	A lot	A moderate amount	A little	None at all
[SHOWCARD]							
Qd1.	Pagpapatatag ng relasyon sa pagitan ng MILF at ng pambansang pamahalaan	Stabilizing the relationship between MILF and the national government	1	2	3	4	5
Qd2.	Pagpapadali sa partisipasyon ng mga lokal na mamamayan sa prosesong pangkapayapaan	Facilitating the participation of local citizens into the peace process	1	2	3	4	5
Qd3.	Pagdala ng pang ekonomiya na rehabilitasyon at pagpapaunlad sa Bangsamoro	Bringing economic rehabilitation and development into Bangsamoro	1	2	3	4	5
Qd4.	Pagtatag at pagbuo ng isang autonomous o malayang pamahalaan na walang katiwalian at korupsiyon.	Establishing a corruption-free autonomous government	1	2	3	4	5

MARAMING SALAMAT SA INYONG ORAS PARA SA SURVEY NA ITO.
(THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR GIVING US TIME TO INTERVIEW YOU)